IPCS data have been used to estimate idiographic personality stability across the onset of the COVID-19 pandemic (Beck & Jackson, 2022b), to capture idiographic antecedents of behaviors and experiences via machine learning (Beck & Jackson, 2022c), and to examine individual differences in associations between personality states and psychological problems (Jackson & Beck, 2021).

A subset (N = 50 participants) of the PPS participants were used in a feasibility demonstration for a grant submission to the National Science Foundation (#2336406) by the senior author. However, the demonstration used different statistical methods and different focal variables, and the first author who conducted all analyses had not previously used these data, nor has it ever been published on.